# Lesson 3

## **American Government**

A: Principles of American Democracy

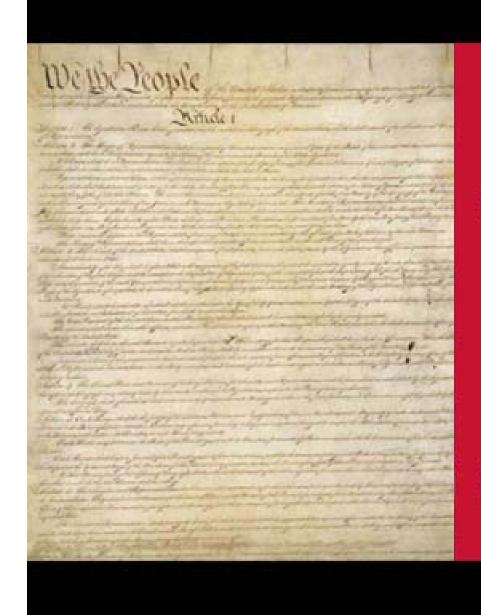
Questions: 1, 3, 2, 66, 67, 5, 4, 7, 6, 10



### the Constitution

The Constitution of the United States.

Courtney of the National Archives.



1787

Independence Hall in Philadelphia, PA, where the Constitution was signed in 1787.



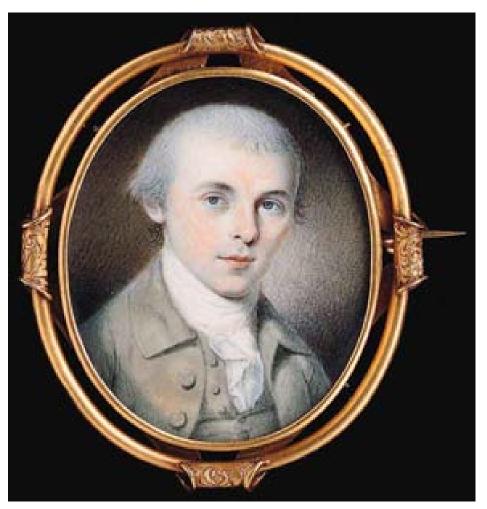
### We the People

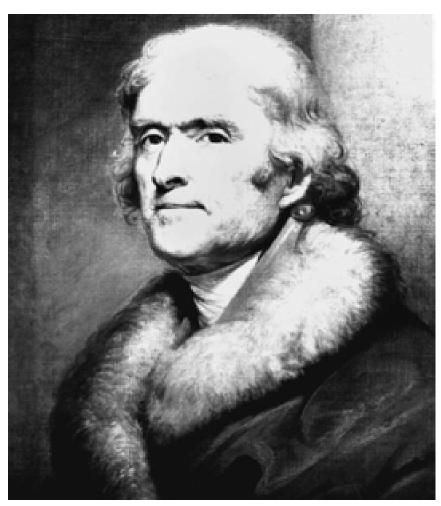
"We the People," the first three words of the preamble to the Constitution of the United States.

Courtesy of the National Archives.



- \* sets up the government
- \* defines the government
- protects basic rights of Americans

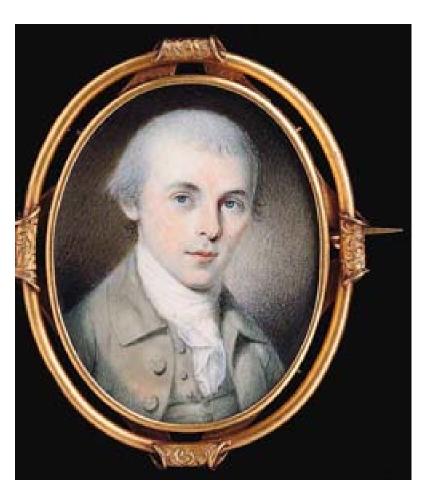




**James Madison** 

**Thomas Jefferson** 

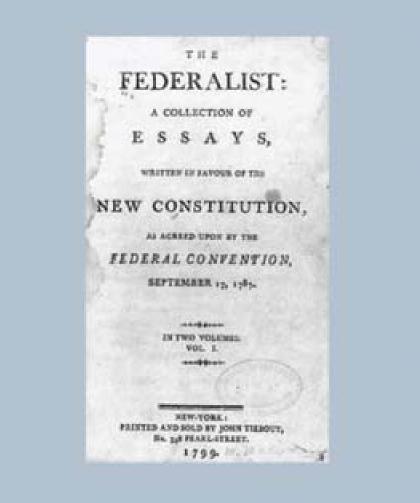
## **Federalists**

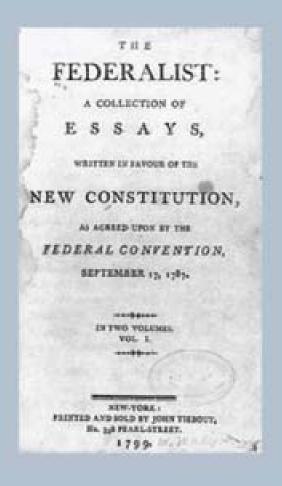




## The Federalist Papers

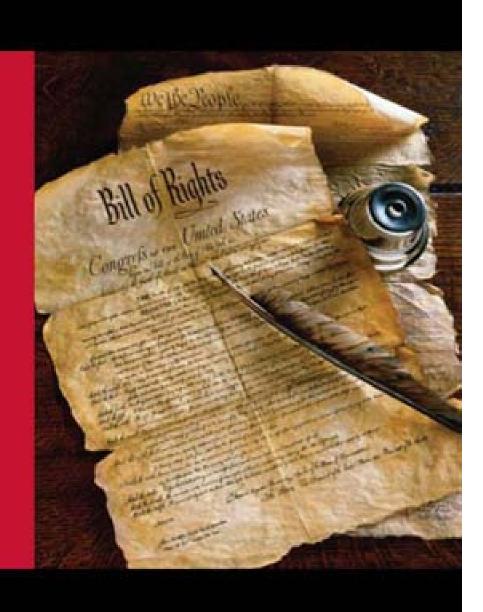






- \* (James) Madison
- \* (Alexander)
  Hamilton
- \* (John) Jay
- \* Publius

Title page of The Federalist, vol. 1, 1799. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-70508. the Bill of Rights



- \* a change (to the Constitution)
- \* an addition (to the Constitution)

The 20th Amendment to the Constitution.

AMENDMENT 20 tified January 23, 1933) ection 1. The terms of the President an hall end at noon on the 20th day of terms of Senators and Representatives day of January, of years in which such ended if this article had not been rat of their successors shall then begin. Section 2. The Congress shall ass every year, and such meeting shall

# twenty-seven (27)

Portrait of Elizabeth Cady Stanton, seated, and Susan B. Anthony, standing, advocates for the rights of women to vote.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ61-791.





- \* speech
- \* religion
- \* assembly
- \* press
- \* petition the government

A newspaper stand in 1941.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USF346-BN-001359-Q-C.

You can practice any religion, or not practice a religion.

A synagogue on Yom Kippur, circa 1900. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-DIG-ggbain-02316.

